

## "Patients are at the heart of what we do"

# David Veitch CEO

UBS Global Healthcare Virtual Conference May 26, 2021



# At a glance

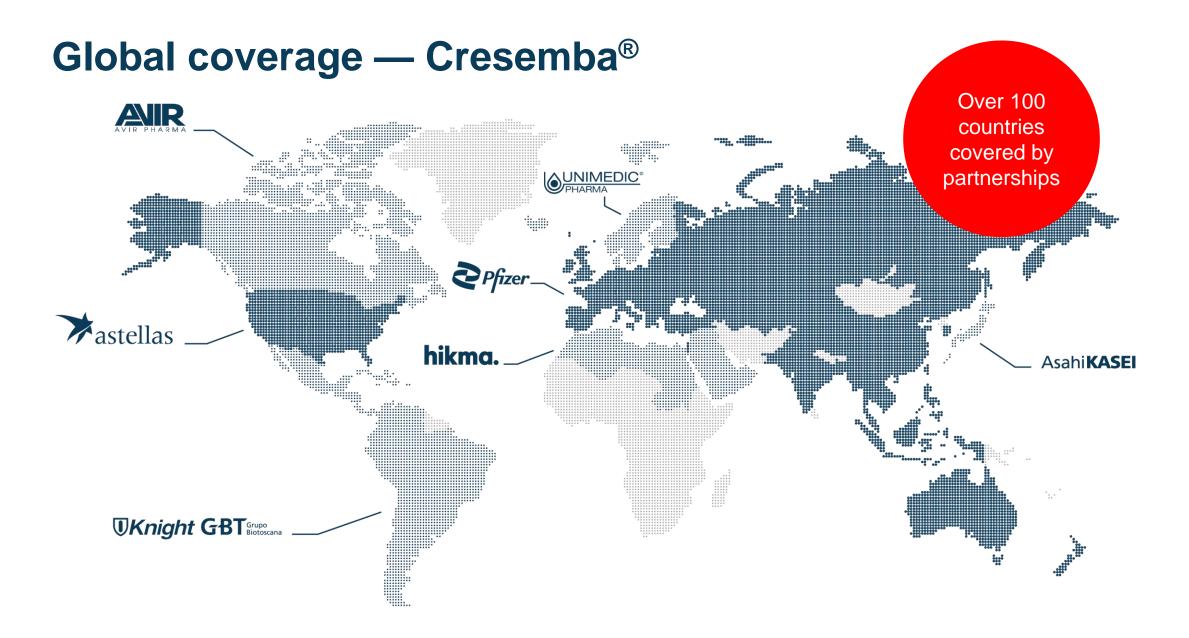
- Well funded, commercial-stage biopharmaceutical company with significantly growing cash flows from commercialized products
- Focused in the areas of oncology and infectious diseases
- Potential for sustainable growth and value creation based on commercialized brands and an innovative pipeline
- Experienced people with the proven expertise to take compounds from research to market
- Two revenue generating hospital anti-infective brands, Cresemba<sup>®</sup> and Zevtera<sup>®</sup> and two clinical oncology drug candidates
- Recognized ability to establish and manage partnerships in both the development and commercial phase, providing access to international markets
- Listed on SIX Swiss Stock Exchange, SIX: BSLN
- Based in life sciences hub, Basel, Switzerland



## Potential for sustainable growth and value creation based on commercialized brands and innovative pipeline

	Products / Product candidates / Indication	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Market
Antifungals	<b>Cresemba® (isavuconazole)</b> Invasive aspergillosis and mucormycosis (U.S. and EU and several other countries) Invasive fungal infections (Japan)	intravenous a intravenous a				
Antibiotics	<b>Zevtera® (ceftobiprole)</b> Hospital- and community-acquired pneumonia (HAP, CAP) (major European and several non-European countries) Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA/MRSA) bacteremia (bloodstream infections)	intravenous intravenous intravenous				
Oncology	Derazantinib FGFR kinase inhibitor         Intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma (iCCA) – monotherapy         Urothelial cancer – monotherapy and combination with atezolizumab         Gastric cancer - monotherapy and combination with ramucirumab/paclitaxel or atezolizumab         Lisavanbulin (BAL101553) tumor checkpoint controller         Glioblastoma – monotherapy, targeted, biomarker-driven patient selection         Glioblastoma – combination with radiotherapy	oral oral oral oral oral				
	Internal & external innovation	Research	Development			

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# The company we keep — established strong partnerships



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### Antifungal Cresemba® (isavuconazole)

Invasive mold infections

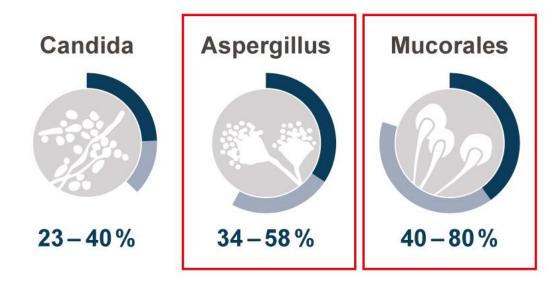
# The market — Invasive fungal infections

- Severe, potentially life-threatening infections mainly affecting immunocompromised patients
- An important cause of morbidity and mortality in cancer patients undergoing intensive chemotherapy regimens
- Rising number of immunocompromised patients

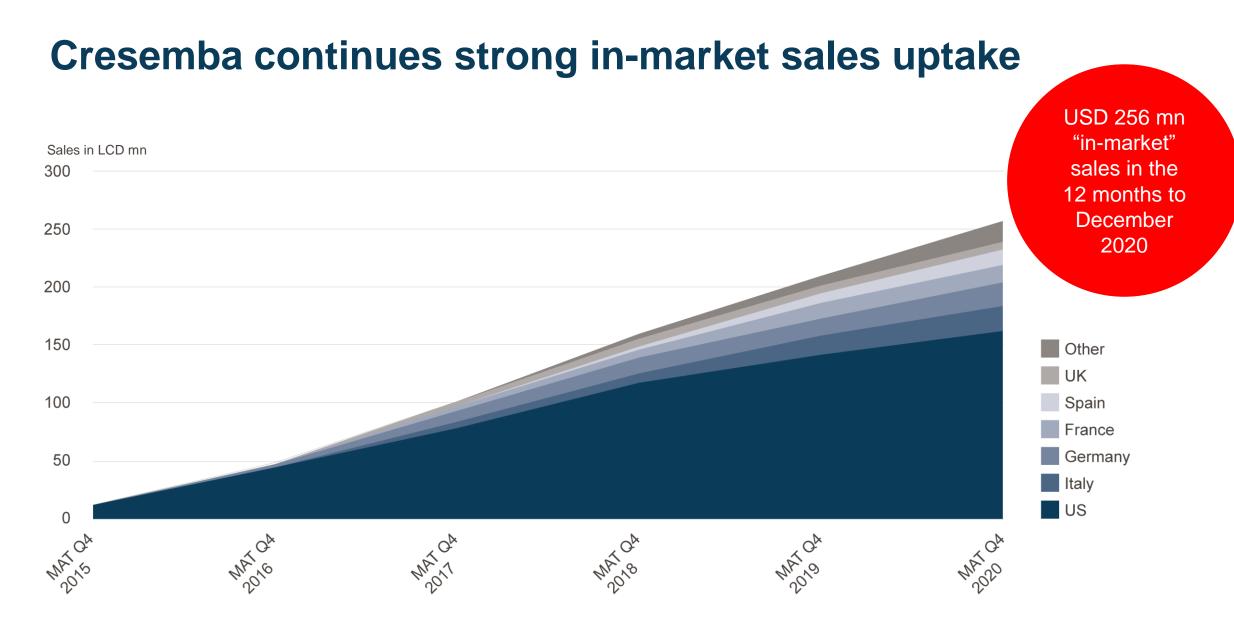
(cancer and transplantations) driving therapeutic demand

- Mucorales infections on the rise doubled from 2000 to 2013
- Limitations of current therapies (spectrum of activity, toxicity, effective plasma levels) drive the need for new agents

#### Mortality rates for invasive fungal infections\*\*



\*\*Kullberg/Arendrup *N Engl J Med* 2015, Baddley *Clin Infect Dis* 2010, Roden *Clin Infect Dis* 2005, Greenberg *Curr Opin Infect Dis* 2004

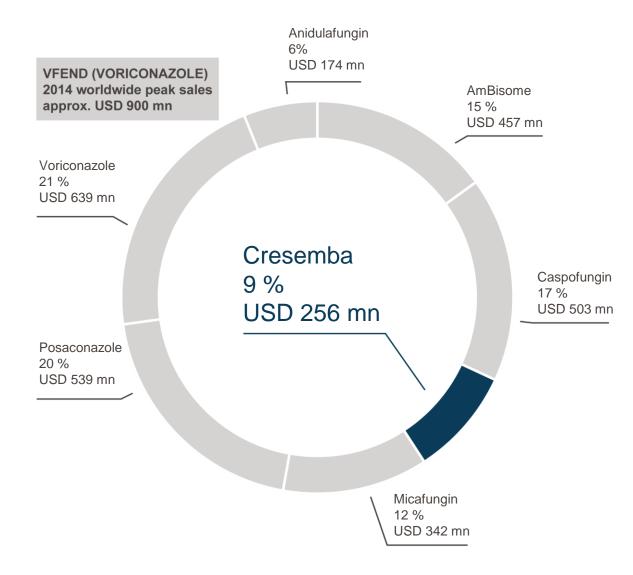


LCD: USD corrected for currency fluctuations; MAT: Moving annual total; Source: IQVIA, December 2020

## Sales of best-in-class antifungals\* by product

USD 3.0 bn sales (MAT Q4 2020)

- Potential to increase Cresemba<sup>®</sup> (isavuconazole) market share
  - Anticipate to be launched in 60 countries by end-2021
  - Exclusivity through 2027 in the U.S. and potential pediatric exclusivity extension to 2027 (from 2025) in the EU



\* Best-in-class antifungals: isavuconazole, posaconazole, voriconazole, AmBisome, anidulafungin, caspofungin, micafungin

MAT: Moving annual total; Sales figures in USD, corrected for currency fluctuations; Source: IQVIA, December 2020

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## Antibacterial Zevtera® (ceftobiprole)

Severe bacterial infections

# Zevtera<sup>®</sup> — An introduction

- Broad-spectrum anti-MRSA cephalosporin (including Gram-negative bacteria)
- Rapid bactericidal activity
- Potential to replace antibiotic combinations
- Early improvement in HAP, particularly in patients with MRSA, and CAP, including highrisk patients
- Cephalosporin class safety profile
- Marketed in selected countries in Europe,
   Latin America and the MENA-region as well as in Canada

Approved in major European countries & several non-European countries for both hospitalacquired pneumonia (HAP), excluding ventilator-associated pneumonia (VAP), and community-acquired pneumonia (CAP). Not approved in the U.S.

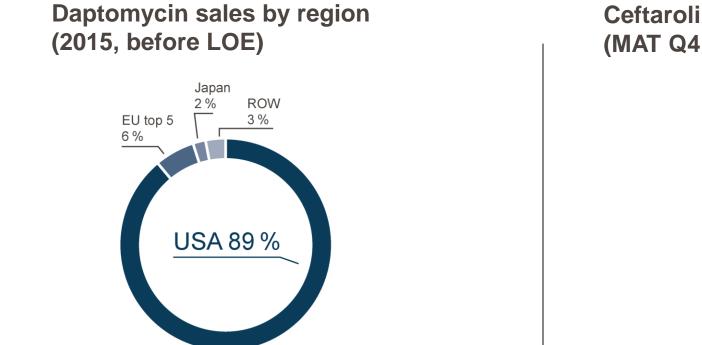
MENA: Middle East and North Africa



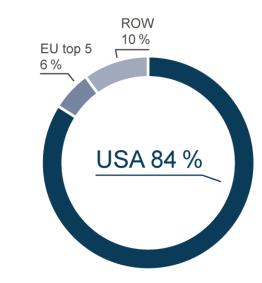
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# The hospital anti-MRSA antibiotic market — A USD 2.6 bn market\* with the U.S. being the most important region







\* Vancomycin, linezolid, teicoplanin, daptomycin, tigecycline, telavancin, ceftaroline, dalbavancin, oritavancin, and tedizolid

MRSA: Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*; LOE: Loss of exclusivity; ROW: Rest of world MAT: Moving annual total; Sales figures in USD, corrected for currency fluctuations; Source: IQVIA, December 2020

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# Strategy for accessing the U.S. market

- Two cross-supportive phase 3 studies under FDA Special Protocol Assessment (SPA)
  - Acute Bacterial Skin and Skin Structure Infections (ABSSSI)<sup>1</sup> successfully completed



2. Staphylococcus aureus bacteremia (SAB)<sup>2</sup> ongoing, topline results from phase 3 study expected in H1 2022



 Phase 3 program largely funded by BARDA (up to USD ~130 mn, ~70% of total program costs)



 Qualified Infectious Disease Product (QIDP) designation extends U.S. market exclusivity to 10 years from approval

<sup>1</sup> Overcash JS et al. ECCMID 2020, abstract 1594. (NCT03137173) <sup>2</sup> Hamed K et al. Future Microbiol. 2020;15:35-48. (NCT03138733)



### Oncology Derazantinib

FGFR-driven tumors

# Targeting FGFR-driven tumors as single agent and in combination with immunotherapy

- Small molecule, oral inhibitor of FGFR family of kinases
- Development strategy focused on achieving differentiation by leveraging unique properties of derazantinib
  - Kinase inhibition profile: exploring therapeutic potential of additional targets of derazantinib such as CSF1R and VEGFR2 kinase
  - Safety profile: exploring relevance for potential combination therapies
- Three clinical studies ongoing
  - FIDES-01 (Ph 2) in intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma (iCCA)
  - FIDES-02 (Ph 1/2) in urothelial cancer
  - FIDES-03 (Ph 1/2) in gastric cancer

	-	Glioma ~8 %
		Head and neck ~5 %
		Non-small cell lung ~5 %
		Gastric ~7 %
		iCCA ~13-22 %
	R	Renal cell ~5 %
		Pancreatic ~5 %
		Colorectal ~4 %
1		Ovarian ~9 %
		Endometrial ~11 %
		Urothelial ~32 %
	_	Sarcoma ~4 %

Sources: Helsten et al., Clin Cancer Res 2016 (22), 257-267; FGFR2 fusions in iCCA: Graham et al. Hum Pathol 2014 (45), 1630-1638; Jain et al. JCO Precis Oncol 2018 (2) 1-12

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# Phase 2 study in iCCA\* – established clinical proof of concept in FIDES-01

#### FIDES-01 Cohort 1 (N=103)

#### **FGFR2** fusions

(~15% of iCCA)

#### Topline results: ORR: 20.4% Median PFS: 6.6 months

- Consistent with earlier Phase1/2 data<sup>1</sup> and with interim analysis from FIDES-01
- Clinical proof of concept for derazantinib as monotherapy in its first indication established

#### FIDES-01 Cohort 2 (N=43) - ongoing

#### FGFR2 mutations/amplifications (~5% of iCCA)

Pooled data from 23 patients (clinical studies/EAP)<sup>2</sup> Median PFS 7.2 months

Interim results (n=14): DCR: 79% (1 confirmed CR, 1 unconfirmed PR, 9 SD)

- Encouraging PFS in pooled analysis consistent with outcome in patients with FGFR2 gene fusions
- Interim analysis successfully completed based on at least 8 patients with PFS >3 months (PFS not yet mature)
- Topline results expected H1 2022

#### Manageable safety profile with low incidence of nail toxicity, retinal events, hand-foot syndrome and stomatitis

FIDES-01: NCT03230318

<sup>1</sup>Mazzaferro et al. Br J Cancer. 2019 <sup>2</sup>Droz Dit Busset et al. Annals of Oncology (2020) 31 (suppl 5): abstract 45P (NCT01752920, NCT03230318)

\*in patients who progressed after at least one prior systemic chemotherapy regimen



# **Clinical program in urothelial cancer – FIDES-02**

Multi-cohort phase 1b/2 study of derazantinib monotherapy or in combination with atezolizumab in patients with urothelial cancer harboring FGFR genetic aberrations

- Substudies (N≈300) in various treatment settings, including:
  - Post-chemotherapy/immunotherapy recurrence (second-line and post second-line)
  - First-line platinum-ineligible, PD-L1-low
  - Resistance to prior FGFR-inhibitor treatment
- Successful completion of phase 1b cohort
  - Recommended phase 2 dose for the combination established
  - No dose-limiting toxicities observed
- Clinical supply agreement with Roche for atezolizumab

- Plan to amend the study protocol to explore a higher dose of derazantinib in two cohorts of this study
  - Supported by the observed safety and tolerability profile of derazantinib at the current dose of 300 mg per day
  - May provide additional benefits in monotherapy and combination to patients with FGFR-positive urothelial cancer
  - Considers the evolving treatment and competitive landscape in urothelial cancer in patients both with and without FGFR genetic aberrations
- Interim results in derazantinib monotherapy expected H1 2021
- Interim results in combination therapy with atezolizumab expected H2 2021

FIDES-02: NCT04045613; Chaudhry A et al. Journal of Clinical Oncology 2020; 38, no. 6\_suppl. TPS590

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# **Clinical program in gastric cancer – FIDES-03**

Multi-cohort Phase 1b/2 study of derazantinib as monotherapy or in combination therapy with standard of care (ramucirumab/paclitaxel) or atezolizumab in patients with advanced HER2-negative gastric adenocarcinoma harboring FGFR genetic aberrations

- Substudies using derazantinib monotherapy or combination treatment, including:
  - Derazantinib monotherapy in various molecular subtypes
  - Combination of derazantinib with ramucirumab/paclitaxel
  - Combination of derazantinib with atezolizumab

- Clinical supply agreement with Roche for atezolizumab
- Clinical trial collaboration and supply agreement with Lilly for ramucirumab
- Interim results in derazantinib monotherapy and recommended phase 2 dose of derazantinib in combination with ramucirumab/paclitaxel expected H2 2021

FIDES-03: NCT04604132



# **FGFR-inhibitors show differences in safety profiles**

	Cholangiocarcinoma				Urothelial cancer		
	DZB <sup>1</sup> (N=44)	INF <sup>2</sup> (N=71)	FUT <sup>3</sup> (N=67)	PEM <sup>4</sup> (N=146)	PEM <sup>5</sup> (N=108)	ERD <sup>6</sup> (N=87)	
Dosing regimen	300mg QD	125mg Q4W QD for 3w	20 mg QD	13.5mg Q3W QD for 2w	13.5mg Q3W QD for 2w	8 mg QD (titration to 9mg)	
Most frequent safety events	Phosphorus û Nausea Vomiting	Phosphorus û Fatigue Stomatitis	Phosphorus*û Diarrhea* Dry mouth*	Phosphorus û Alopecia Diarrhoea	Diarrhoea Alopecia Constipation	Phosphorus û Stomatitis Fatigue	
Blood phosphorus û†	59%	73%	88%	60%	31%	76%	
Fatigue <sup>†</sup>	43%	49%	NR	42%	32%	<b>54%</b> <sup>#</sup>	
Alopecia <sup>†</sup>	20%	38%	NR	49%	40%	26%	
Dry eye/xerophthalmia <sup>†</sup>	16%	32%	NR	35%#	NR	28%#	
Retinopathy <sup>¶</sup>	0%	NR	9%	<b>6%</b> ‡	NR	25%	
Alanine aminotransferase (ALT) 企	30%**	NR	NR	43%**	NR	41%**	
Hand-foot syndrome/PPE	0%	27%	18%	15%	NR	26%	
Nail toxicities	<5%	NR	42%	<b>43%</b> <sup>#</sup>	NR	<b>41%</b> <sup>#</sup>	
Stomatitis	11%	45%	NR	35%	34%	56%	

<sup>1</sup> Droz Dit Busset et al., ESMO 2019 and Basilea data on file, <sup>2</sup> Javle et al., ESMO 2018, <sup>3</sup> Goyal et al., ASCO 2020, <sup>4</sup> Pemazyre<sup>TM</sup> U.S. Prescribing Information (April 2020), <sup>5</sup> Necchi, et al., ESMO 2018, <sup>6</sup> Balversa<sup>TM</sup> U.S. prescribing information (April 2019)

† assumed FGFR inhibitor class-effect; \*futibatinib treatment-related adverse events

\* includes various and different adverse reactions; for details see Pemazyre<sup>TM</sup> U.S. Prescribing Information (April 2020) and Balversa<sup>TM</sup> U.S. prescribing information (April 2019);

<sup>¶</sup> Refers to reported adverse events of Retinal Pigment Epithelial Detachment (RPED) for pemigatinib, Central Serous Retinopathy (CSR)/RPED for erdafitinib and CSR for futibatinib

<sup>‡</sup> reported incidence is from 466 patients who received Pemazyre<sup>™</sup> across clinical trials;

\*\* based on reported adverse events for DZB; based on reported laboratory abnormalities, regardless of causality for PEM and ERD.

Abbreviations: DZB: derazantinib, INF: infigratinib (BGJ398), FUT: futibatinib (TAS-120), PEM: pemigatinib (INCB54828), ERD: erdafitinib; PPES: Palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia; NR: not reported; QD: daily; Q3W/Q4W: every 3/4 weeks; w: weeks

### Oncology Lisavanbulin (BAL101553)

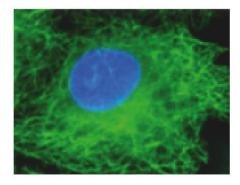
Glioblastoma and other solid tumors



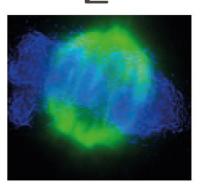
## Novel tumor checkpoint controller crossing the blood-brain barrier

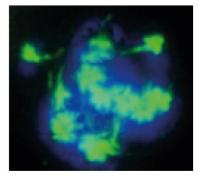
- Novel compound inducing tumor cell death through spindle assembly checkpoint activation
- Targeting diverse tumor types resistant to standard therapeutic approaches
- Flexible dosing potential, including daily oral dosing
- Comprehensive biomarker program to optimize patient selection
- Crosses the blood-brain barrier with potent activity in brain tumor models alone and in combination

Non-dividing tumor cell



Blue = DNA Green = microtubules





Normal dividing tumor cell

BAL27862-treated tumor cell\*

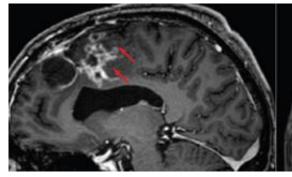
\* Lisavanbulin (BAL101553) is a prodrug of BAL27862

## Biomarker-driven phase 2 study ongoing in recurrent glioblastoma

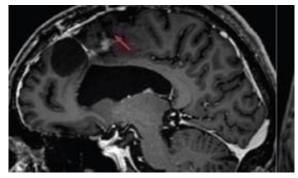
- EB1 (end-binding protein 1) is located on the microtubules and involved in microtubule dynamics and has been shown to be a response predictive marker for lisavanbulin in preclinical studies
- Strong EB1 staining was observed in a patient with an exceptional response to daily oral lisavanbulin in the phase 1 dose-escalation study in recurrent glioblastoma<sup>1</sup>
  - Patient ongoing for more than two years
  - >80% reduction in glioblastoma tumor size
- Interim results expected H2 2021

<sup>1</sup> Lopez et al. Phase 1/2a study of once daily oral BAL101553, a novel tumor checkpoint controller, in adult patients with progressive or recurrent glioblastoma or high-grade glioma. JCO 2019;37:15 suppl, 2025 (NCT02490800)

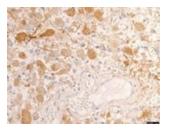
Glioblastoma tumor size reduction in an exceptional responder and EB1 staining of glioblastoma tissue compared to nonresponding patients



Baseline (May 2018)



Post Cycle 12 (April 2019)



Responder



Non-responder



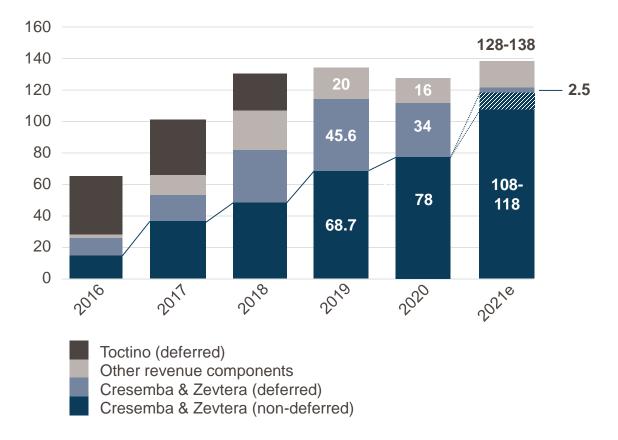
# **Financials & Outlook**



# **Financial guidance**

In CHF mn	FY 2020	FY 2021 guidance
Total revenue	127.6	128 - 138
thereof: Contributions Cresemba <sup>®</sup> & Zevtera <sup>®</sup> non-deferred deferred	78.2 33.8	108 - 118 2.5
Operating loss	8.2	13 - 23
Cash and investments*	167.3	155 – 160**

#### Continued strong double-digit growth in Cresemba & Zevtera non-deferred revenue contributions Y-o-Y, CHF mn



\*Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and investments / \*\*Excluding any potential impact from a reduction of the outstanding convertible bonds

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## Milestones & Outlook 2021 / 2022

Cresemba <sup>®</sup> & Zevtera <sup>®</sup> — Increasing cash flows By the end of 2021, Cresemba to be on the market in 60 countries						
		H1 2021	H2 2021 H1 2022		H2 2022	
Isavuconazole		✓ Complete patient enrolment in phase 3 study in Japan	Topline results from phase 3 study in Japan			
Ceftobiprole			Complete patient enrolment in SAB phase 3 study	Topline results from SAB phase 3 study		
	FIDES-01 (iCCA) FIDES-02 (urothelial cancer)	✓ Topline results (FGFR2 fusions)				
		<ul> <li>✓ Interim results (other FGFR2 gene aberrations)</li> </ul>		Topline results (other FGFR2 gene aberrations)		
Derazantinib		Interim results in derazantinib monotherapy	Interim results in combination therapy with atezolizumab		Topline results in combination therapy with atezolizumab	
	FIDES-03 (gastric cancer)		Interim results in monotherapy and recommended phase 2 dose with ramucirumab/paclitaxel		Interim results in combination with ramucirumab/paclitaxel	
Lisavanbulin			Interim results from phase 2 biomarker-driven glioblastoma study	Topline results from phase 2 biomarker-driven glioblastoma study		
			Recommended phase 2 dose in phase 1 study in newly-diagnosed glioblastoma in combination with radiotherapy			



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