



Shaping the Future of Infectious Diseases

“Patients are at the heart
of what we do”

INVESTOR PRESENTATION

March 23, 2026



Introducing Basilea and the executive management team

- Founded in 2000 as a spin off from Roche
- Profitable Swiss commercial-stage biopharmaceutical company
- About 190 employees
- Headquarters in Allschwil, Switzerland, in the Basel area life sciences hub
- Listed on the SIX Swiss Stock Exchange, Ticker: BSLN.SW



DAVID VEITCH
CEO

JOINED 2014

PREVIOUS ROLES



ADESH KAUL
CFO

2009



MARC ENGELHARDT
MD, PH.D. CMO

2010



GERRIT HAUCK
PH.D. CTO

2018



LAURENZ KELLENBERGER
PH.D. CSO

2000



"Our experienced team brings deep expertise across Basilea's entire value chain."

Our focus is on identifying and generating commercial opportunities in the anti-infectives area

- We are focused on developing treatments for **severe bacterial and fungal diseases**
- Unmet medical needs:
 - Therapies with limited spectrum of activity
 - Growing resistance
 - Lack of oral dosing forms
 - Toxicities
- We strive to create sustainable value with meaningful benefits for patients and healthcare systems, generating long-term returns for investors and our partners
- Currently two revenue generating hospital anti-infective brands: Cresemba[®] and Zevtera[®]

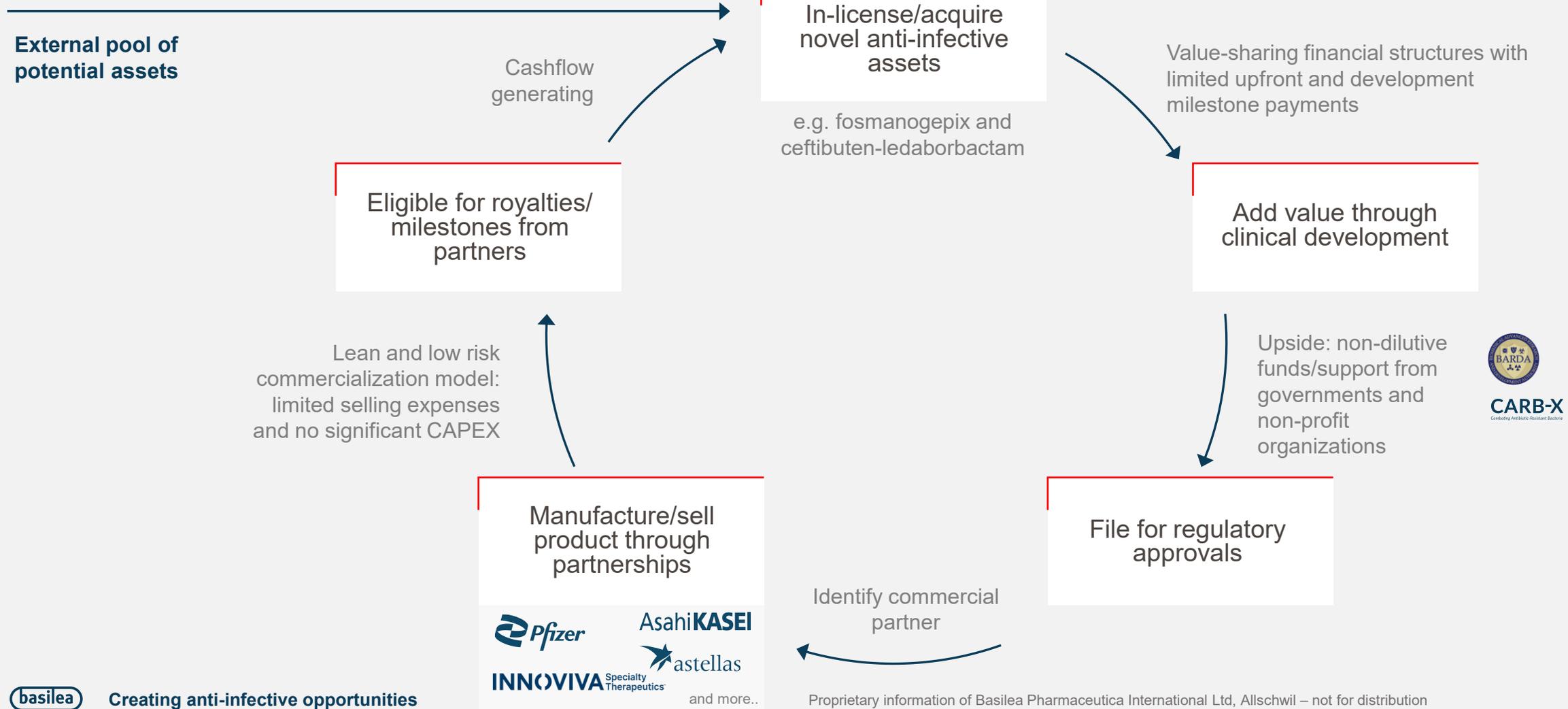


Manifestations of severe infections

<i>Candida</i> spp.	Bloodstream, abdominal, osteoarticular, cardiac, ocular, CNS, pulmonary
<i>Aspergillus</i> spp.	Pulmonary, sinuorbital, CNS, cardiac, cutaneous, abdominal
<i>Fusarium</i> spp.	Bloodstream, cutaneous, sinuorbital, ocular, CNS, pulmonary
Mucorales fungi	Pulmonary, sinuorbital, CNS, renal, cutaneous, abdominal
Staphylococci	Bloodstream, cutaneous, cardiac, abdominal, osteoarticular, pulmonary
Enterobacteriaceae	Bloodstream, urinary, pulmonary, cutaneous, abdominal, osteoarticular
<i>Pseudomonas</i> spp.	Bloodstream, urinary, pulmonary
<i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i>	Bloodstream, urinary, pulmonary, cutaneous

Business model

Unique capabilities, limited acquisition and development costs, commercialization partnerships supporting profitability



Invasive fungal and severe bacterial infections are on the rise due to several factors



Growing population of immunocompromised individuals (e.g. patients with chronic conditions)



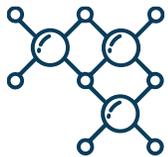
Increasing **resistance** against currently used antibiotics and antifungals



Aging population (e.g. elderly individuals more prone to infections)



Agriculture: widespread use of fungicides in agriculture



Increased use of **immunosuppressive therapies** (e.g. for organ or stem cell transplants, **cancer therapies**, **biologic agents**)

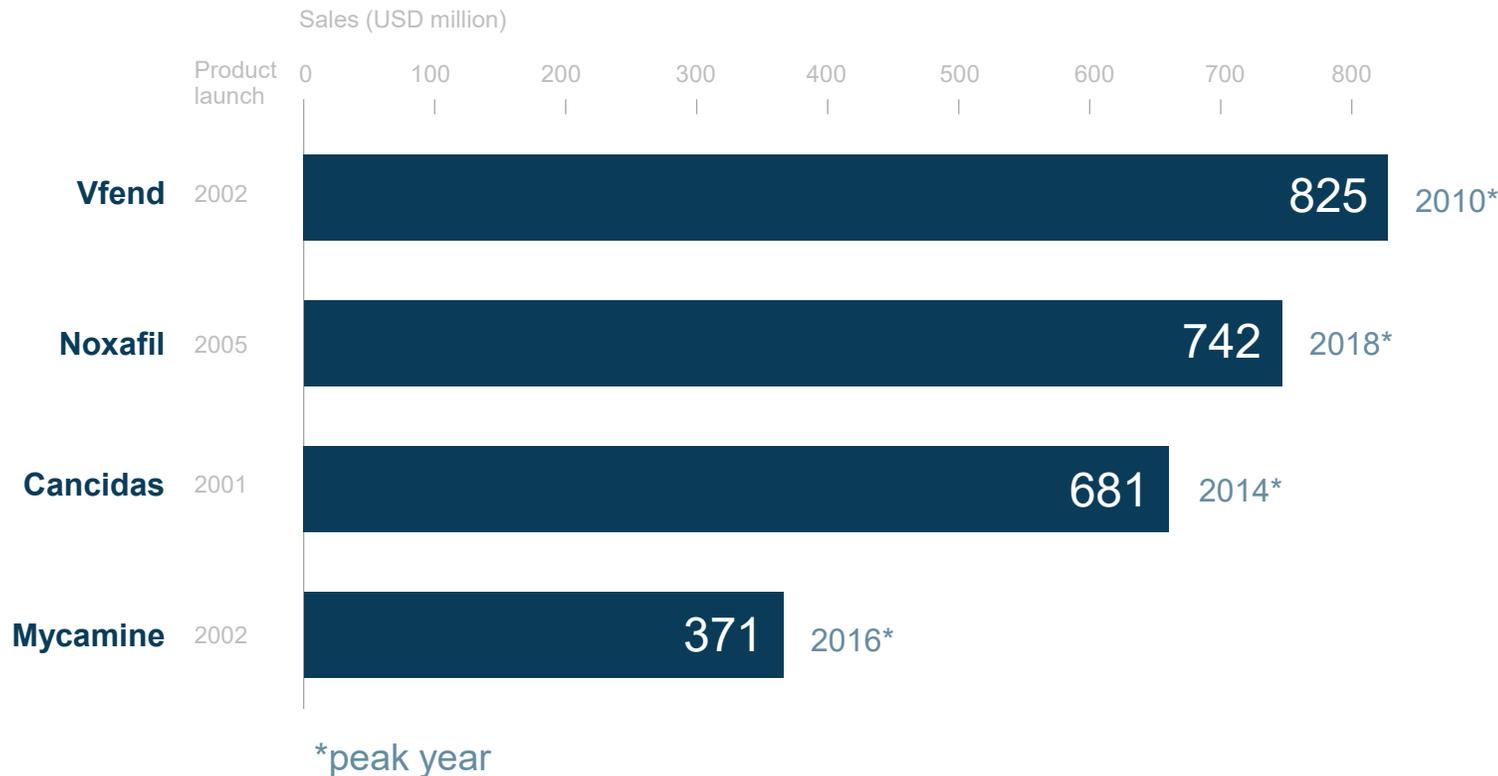


Climate change (e.g. growing incidence of fungal infections)



Advances in **medical procedures** (e.g. medical devices like catheters **or other foreign body materials**)

Commercially successful hospital antifungals have achieved peak sales of ~ 600-900 USD million



- Sales of branded antifungals typically peak around the time of their loss of exclusivity (more than 10 years market opportunity)
- Basilea’s **Cresemba** is already today achieving more than **USD 690 million** annual sales with continued strong double-digit year on year growth

Pfizer Inc., 2010 Financial Report, page 25
 Merck & Co., Inc., Commission File No. 1-6571, page 124

Merck & Co., Inc., Commission File No. 1-6571, page 43
 Astellas Pharma Inc., IFRS, Financial results for the fiscal year 2017 (FY2017), page 6

Innovative anti-infective pipeline

Addressing urgent and evolving infection threats

Assets	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Market
COMMERCIAL					
Cresemba® isavuconazole Invasive aspergillosis and mucormycosis (US, EU and several other countries) ¹ Aspergillosis, (including invasive aspergillosis and chronic pulmonary aspergillosis), mucormycosis and cryptococcosis (Japan)					
Zevtera® ceftobiprole Hospital- and community-acquired bacterial pneumonia (HABP, CABP) (major European and several other countries) <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> bacteremia (SAB), acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) and community-acquired bacterial pneumonia (CABP) (United States)					
PHASE 3					
Fosmanogepix Candidemia / invasive candidiasis (including <i>Candida auris</i>) Invasive mold infections (including invasive aspergillosis, fusariosis, lomentosporiosis, mucormycosis and other rare mold infections)					
Ceftibuten-ledaborbactam Complicated urinary tract infections (cUTI)					
PHASE 2 AND EARLIER					
BAL2062 Invasive aspergillosis					
BAL2420 (LptA inhibitor) Severe Enterobacteriaceae infections					

¹ The registration status and approved indications may vary from country to country.

Capital efficiency through non-dilutive R&D funding

USD ~430 million awarded with USD >100 million committed

BARDA Other Transaction Agreement (OTA)¹

- Covers about 60% of R&D costs for the antifungals fosmanogepix and BAL2062
- Awarded **up to USD 268 million**; committed USD 93 million

BARDA ceftibuten-ledaborbactam product-specific agreement²

- Awarded **up to USD 159 million**; committed USD 12 million

CARB-X funding agreement for preclinical development of BAL2420³

- Committed **USD 8.2 million**

Non-dilutive funding has an important financial impact:

- **Preserving shareholder value:**
No equity component; no dilution to shareholders
- **Increasing return-on-investment:**
Reducing Basilea's share of investment
- **Reducing financial risk during development:**
No repayment required

¹ OTA number 75A50124C00033; ² Contract number 75A50123C00050; ³ Contract number 75A50122C00028 and WT224842

Anti-infective pipeline

Commercial portfolio



Cresemba® — Differentiated by spectrum, safety and tolerability

- Broad spectrum of activity against molds, including emerging molds (Mucorales fungi)
- Consistent plasma levels
- Statistically fewer drug-related adverse events and treatment-emergent adverse events (liver, skin, eye) in invasive aspergillosis patients vs. voriconazole in SECURE phase 3 study
- Can be administered without restriction in patients with renal impairment
- Manageable drug-drug interaction profile
- Once daily maintenance dose, IV/oral treatment
- ECIL-6 guideline: Cresemba recommended for the first-line treatment of invasive aspergillosis in leukemia and hematopoietic stem cell transplant patients. ECIL states that isavuconazole is as effective as voriconazole with a better safety profile.

Cresemba® Global commercial partnerships

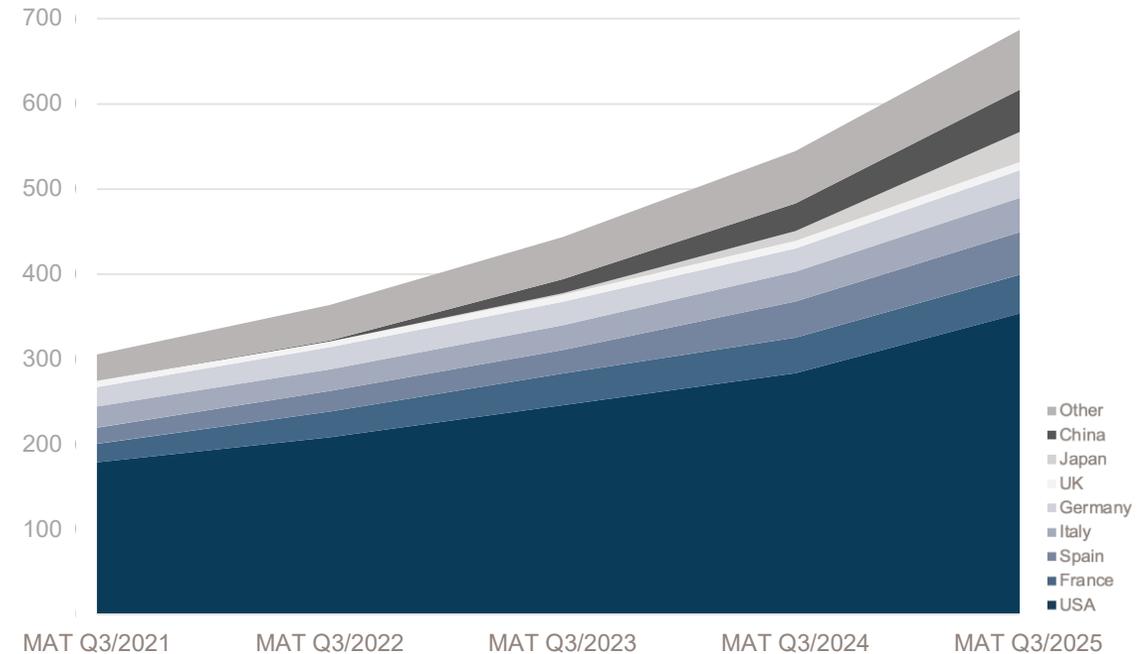
Marketed in
76
countries

United States	
Canada	
Latin America	
Europe (excluding Nordics)	
Nordics	
MENA Region	
Asia-Pacific and China	
Japan	Asahi

In-market sales

USD 693 million
October 2024 to September 2025

27%
Year-on-Year Growth



MAT: Moving annual total; Source: IQVIA Analytics Link, September 2025
Proprietary information of Basilea Pharmaceutica International Ltd, Allschwil – not for distribution

Cresemba® – Global market leader in terms of value

Continued growth opportunity for the brand:

- Growth in the US until Q4 2027
- Growth in Europe until H2 2028
- Growth in Japan and other markets beyond 2028



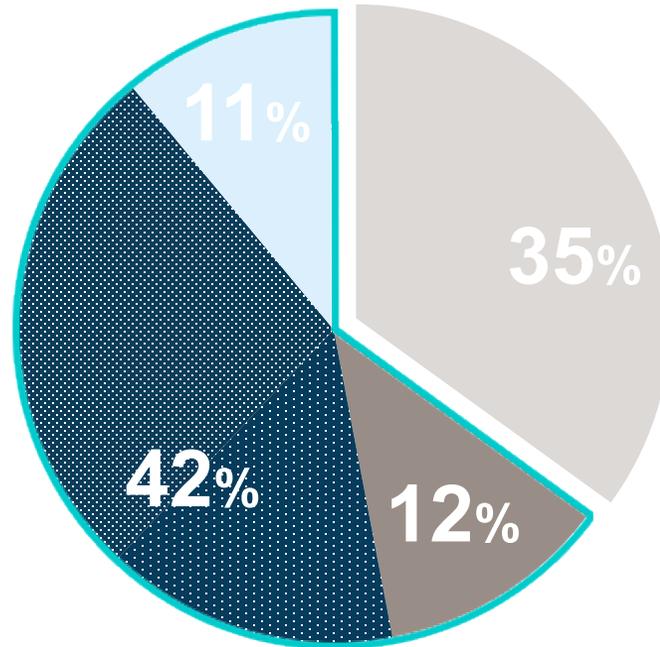
* MAT: Moving annual total; Source: IQVIA Analytics Link, September 2025, rounding consistently applied

Proprietary information of Basilea Pharmaceutica International Ltd, Allschwil – not for distribution

Basilea's revenues from Cresemba by geography

65% generated outside of the US

Geographic revenue distribution (2025)



US (Astellas) Japan (Asahi) Europe (Pfizer) APAC (Pfizer) ROW (Distributors)*

Cresemba generics timing:

- US: Generics impact expected from Q4 2027
- Europe: Generics impact expected from H2 2028

*Assuming 90% of Distributors revenue attributed to Cresemba

Zevtera[®] — An introduction

- Broad-spectrum hospital anti-MRSA cephalosporin (including Gram-negative bacteria)
 - Rapid bactericidal activity
 - Potential to replace antibiotic combinations
 - Efficacy demonstrated in phase 3 clinical studies in SAB, ABSSSI and pneumonia^{1, 2, 3}
 - Low propensity for resistance development¹
 - Safety profile consistent with the cephalosporin class safety profile, demonstrated in both adult and pediatric patients^{1, 2, 3, 4}
 - BARDA product-specific funding of USD 111 million (~75% of the costs related to the SAB and ABSSSI phase 3 studies, regulatory activities and non-clinical work)⁵
- Commercialized in the US, China, selected countries in Europe, the MENA-region and Canada



¹ Syed YY. Drugs. 2014;74:1523-1542 and Basilea data on file.

² Overcash JS et al. Clin Infect Dis. 2021;73:e1507-e1517

³ Holland TL et al. N Engl J Med 2023;389:1390-1401

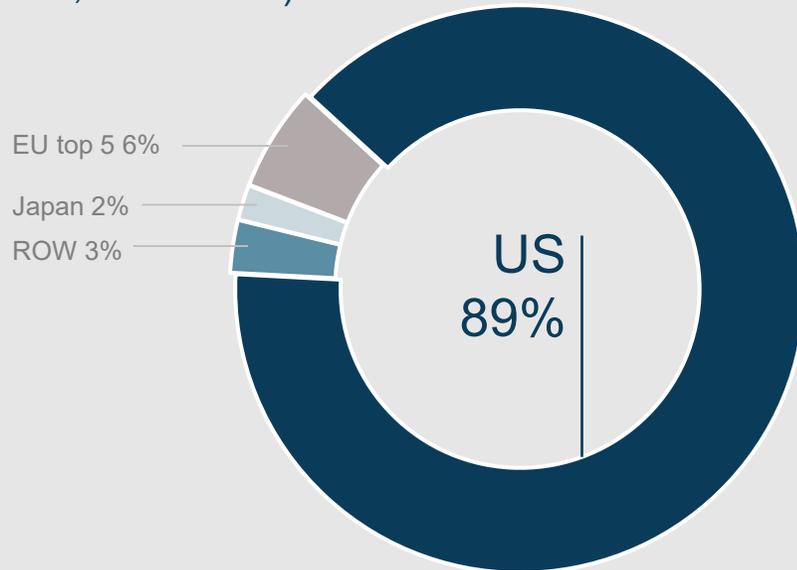
⁴ Rubino CM et al. Pediatr Infect Dis J. 2021;40:997-1003

⁵ Contract number HHSO100201600002C

Zevtera[®] – Progress in US market access and initial positive clinical experience

US market opportunity

Daptomycin sales by region
(2015, before LOE)



Zevtera launched in the US in July 2025

commercial partner: Innoviva Specialty Therapeutics

- Important hospital formulary wins
- Reimbursement: NTAP designation, Medicaid and 340B pricing, and J-code for outpatient billing
- Repeat orders from major hospitals
- US market exclusivity until April 2034

LOE: Loss of exclusivity; ROW: Rest Of World; NTAP: New Technology Add-On Payment
Source: IQVIA Analytics Link, September 2025

Zevtera[®] — Place in therapy

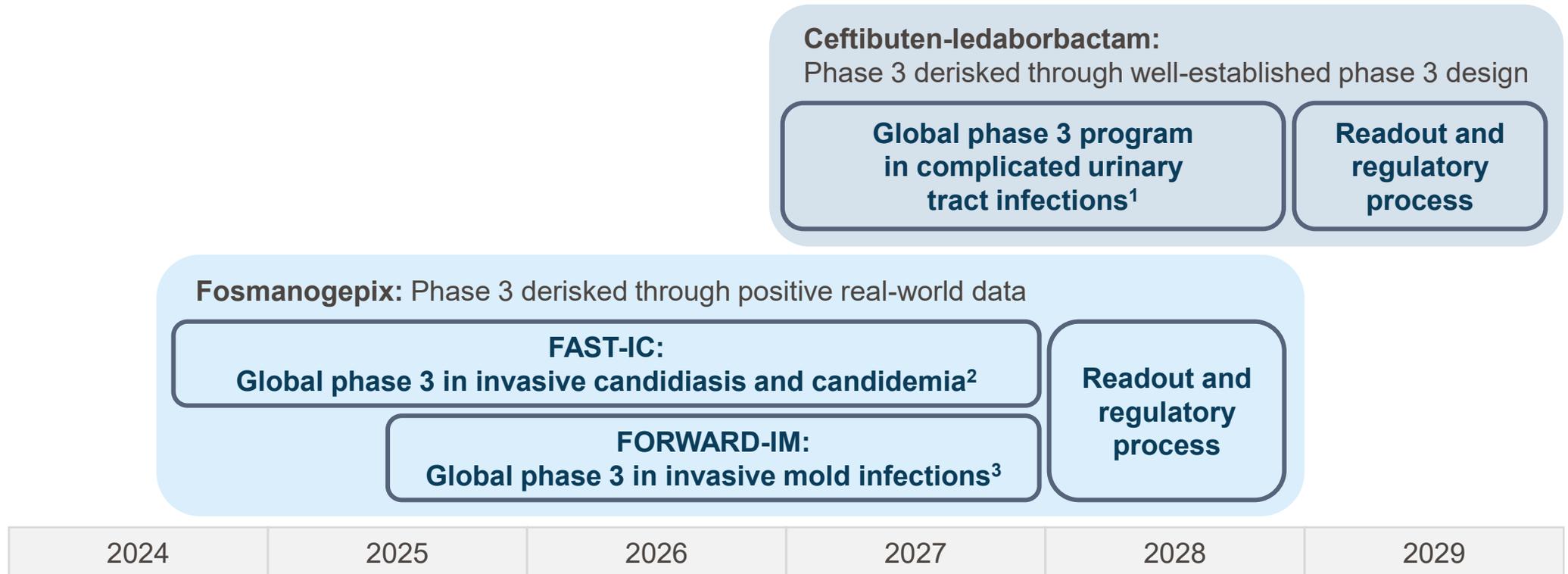
- Excellent treatment option in difficult-to-treat patients presenting to the hospital with severe infections, especially when the clinician suspects involvement of Gram-positive pathogens including *Staphylococcus aureus*
- Single agent first-line bactericidal broad-spectrum therapy with proven efficacy in SAB, ABSSSI and CABP, enabling to treat these vulnerable patients effectively early in their disease to achieve recovery
- Ceftobiprole is differentiated versus competitors in various clinically important aspects, including:
 - The strong, bactericidal activity against MSSA and MRSA
 - A robust Gram-negative coverage
 - Efficacy demonstrated in pulmonary infections in phase 3 studies
 - The safety profile reflecting the cephalosporin class
 - The low propensity for resistance development

Anti-infective pipeline

Phase 3 programs

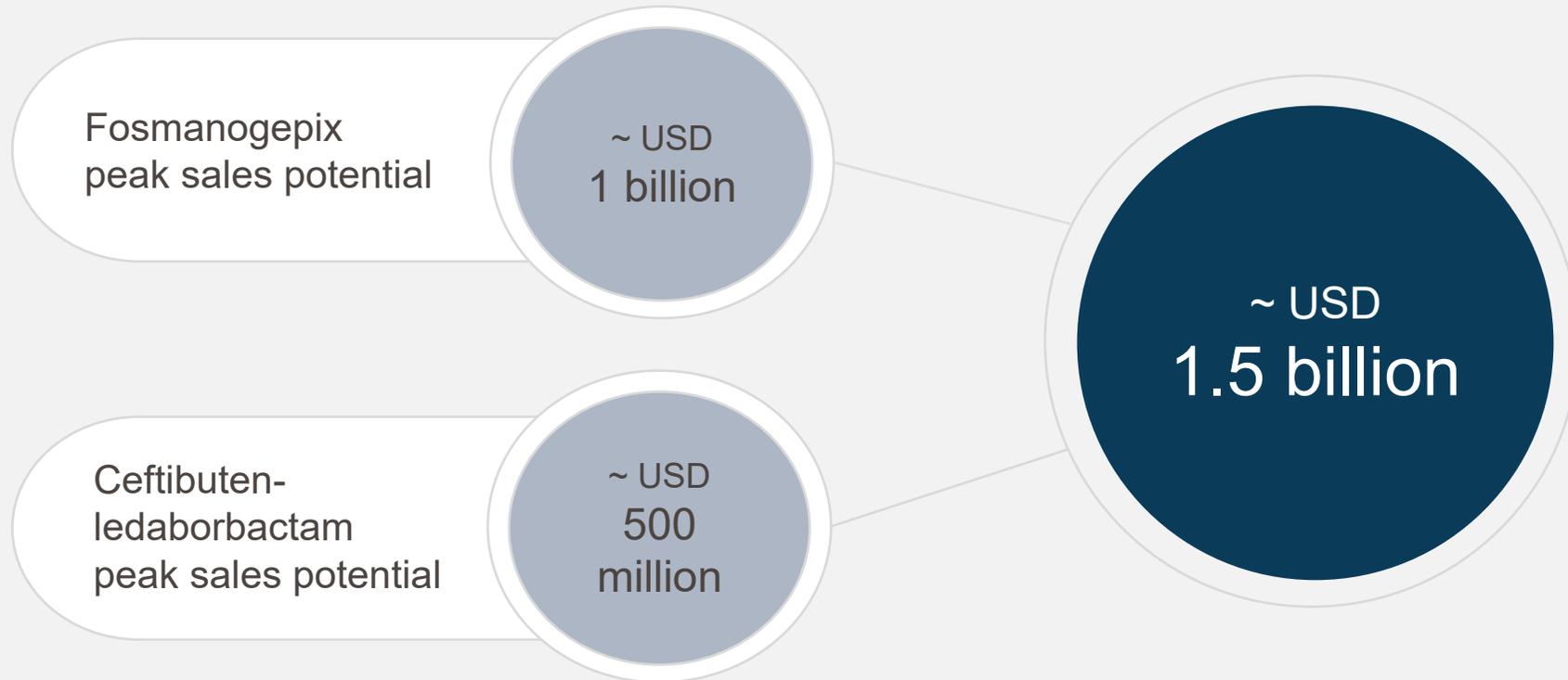


Advancing our phase 3 programs toward approval



¹ Includes pyelonephritis; ² ClinicalTrials.gov ID: NCT05421858; ³ ClinicalTrials.gov ID: NCT06925321

Current phase 3 pipeline has the potential to double 2025 in-market sales

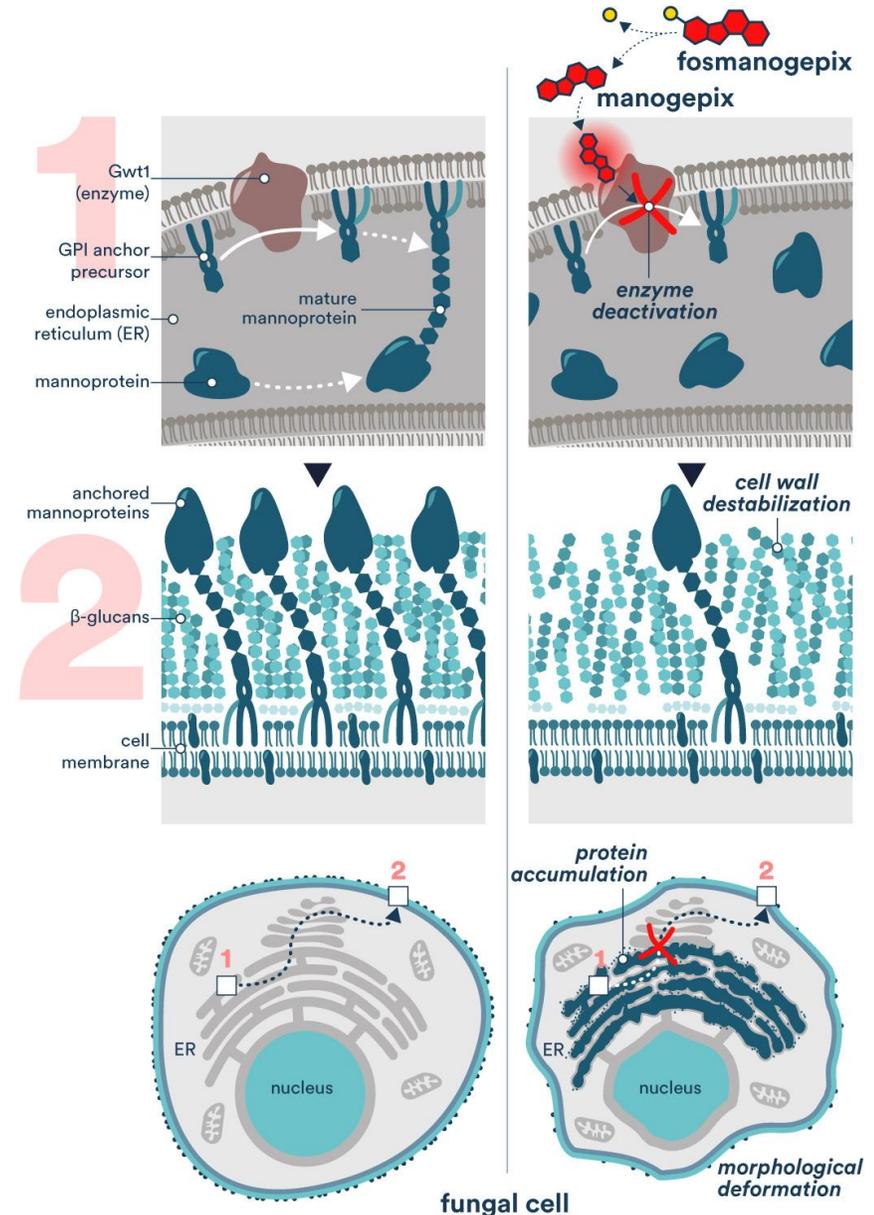


Fosmanogepix

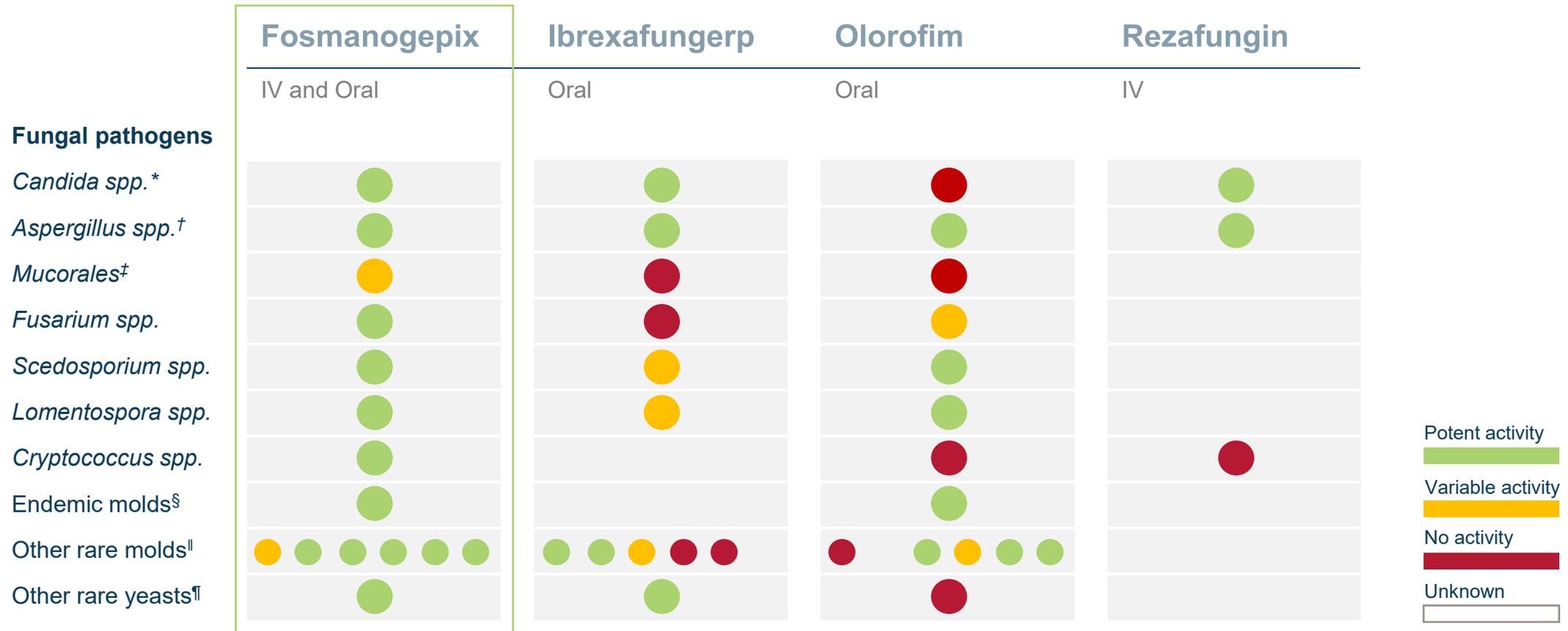
First-in-class broad-spectrum antifungal

- Novel mode of action leading to fungal cell death and reduced fungal pathogenicity
- Developed for **difficult-to-treat infections**, including resistant fungi
- Active against most clinically relevant molds and yeasts
- **Wide tissue distribution**, including difficult-to-reach sites such as central nervous system (CNS)
- **IV and oral formulations**
- Phase 3 studies ongoing in invasive candidiasis and in invasive mold infections
- QIDP, Fast Track¹ & Orphan Drug Designations, enabling accelerated review and extended market exclusivity

¹ QIDP and Fast Track designations by the FDA for invasive candidiasis, invasive aspergillosis, scedosporiosis, fusariosis, mucormycosis, cryptococcosis, and coccidioidomycosis



Fosmanogepix – Potent broad-spectrum activity



* including *C. albicans*, *C. auris*, *C. dubliniensis*, *C. glabrata*, *C. krusei*, *C. lusitanae*, *C. parapsilosis*, *C. tropicalis*. Fosmanogepix not active against *C. krusei*.

† including *A. calidoustus*, *A. fumigatus* (including azole-resistant), *A. flavus*, *A. lentulus*, *A. nidulans*, *A. niger*, *A. terreus*, *A. tubingensis*.

‡ including *Cunninghamella spp.*, *Lichtheimia spp.*, *Mucor spp.*, *Rhizopus spp.*

§ including *Blastomyces dermatitidis*, *Coccidioides immitis*, *Histoplasma capsulatum*.

|| including *Alternaria alternata*, *Cladosporium spp.*, *Paecilomyces variotii*, *Purpureocillium lilacinum*, *Scopulariosis spp.*, *Rasamsonia spp.*

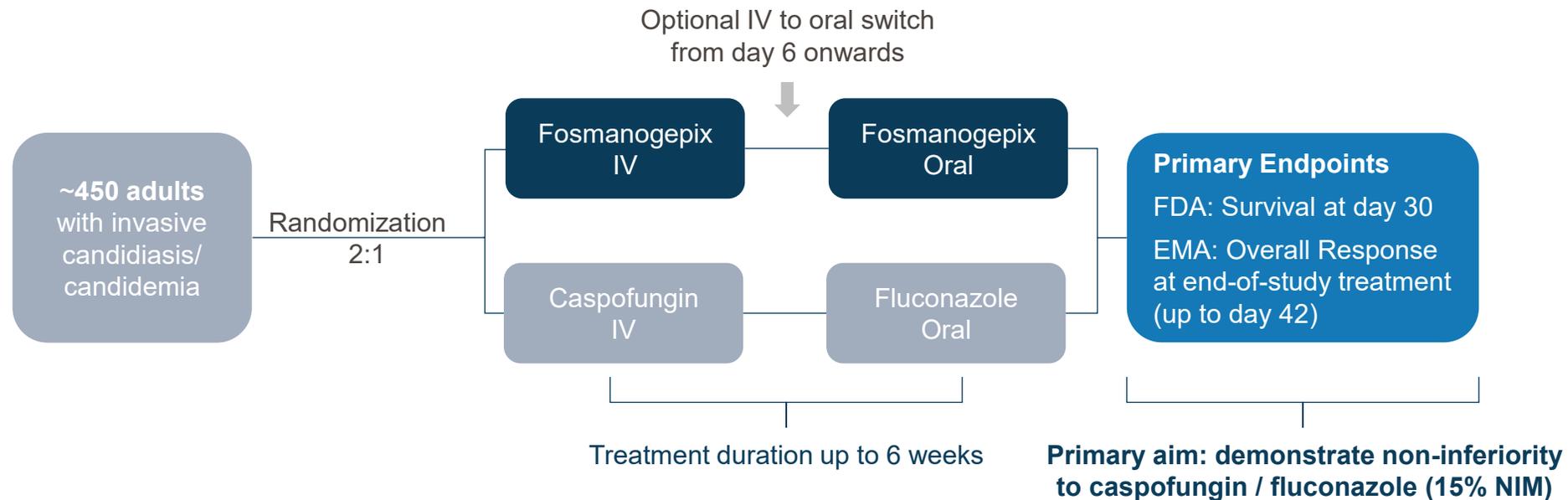
¶ including *Trichosporon asahii*, *Exophiala dermatitidis*, *Malassezia furfur*.

Adapted from Hoenigl M, Sprute R, Egger M et al. *Drugs*. 2021;81:1703-1729.

Global phase 3 study in invasive candidiasis



A randomized, double-blind **phase 3** study of fosmanogepix for the treatment of adult patients with **invasive candidiasis including candidemia**¹



¹ NCT05421858

EMA: European Medicines Agency; FDA: Food and Drug Administration (USA); IV: intravenous; NIM: non-inferiority margin.

Global phase 3 study in invasive mold infections



A randomized, open-label **phase 3** study of fosmanogepix for the treatment of adult patients with **invasive mold infections**¹

Cohort A – primary therapy ~160 patients in 4 sub-cohorts

1. *Aspergillus* spp.

3. *Lomentospora prolificans*

2. *Fusarium* spp.

4. Mucorales fungi

Randomization 2:1

Fosmanogepix
IV with optional oral switch

Best available
antifungal treatment

Cohort B – salvage therapy ~60 patients

Patients infected with *Aspergillus* spp., *Fusarium* spp., *Lomentospora prolificans*, Mucorales fungi, or other multidrug resistant mold, who developed intolerance, toxicities, lack of clinical response, or whose fungal isolate is resistant to standard-of-care therapy

Fosmanogepix
IV with optional oral switch

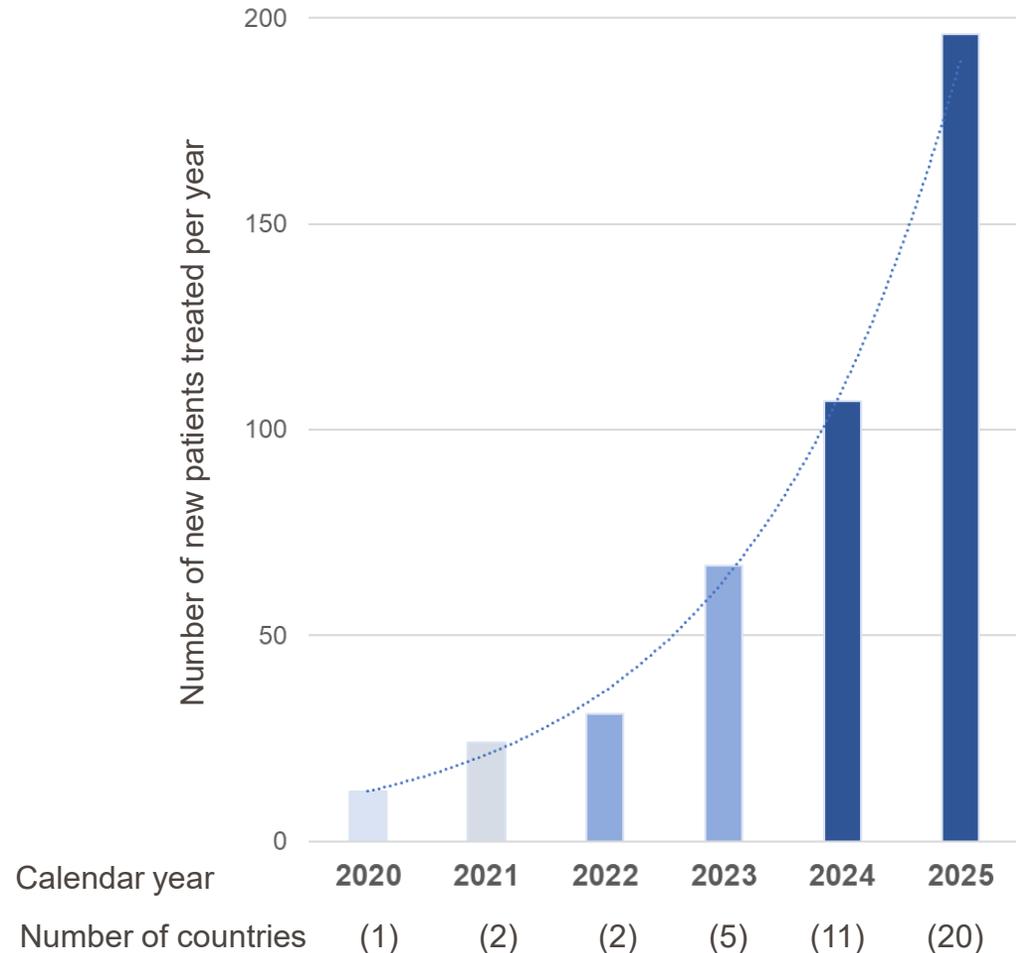
Treatment duration up to 180 days

Primary endpoint: Day 42 all-cause mortality

¹ NCT06925321.

Supportive real-world evidence from a global expanded access program

- For patients with serious and/or life-threatening invasive fungal infections and no other available treatment option (NCT06433128)
 - Patients who progressed on standard-of-care treatment, developed treatment-limiting toxicity, or with resistant fungal pathogens
- Program started in 2020
 - More than 430 patients from 20 countries to date
 - In the context of the 2023 *Fusarium* meningitis outbreak in US/Mexico, fosmanogepix was recommended as therapy by the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), due to potent activity against *Fusarium spp.*



Status on 31 December 2025

Ceftibuten-ledaborbactam

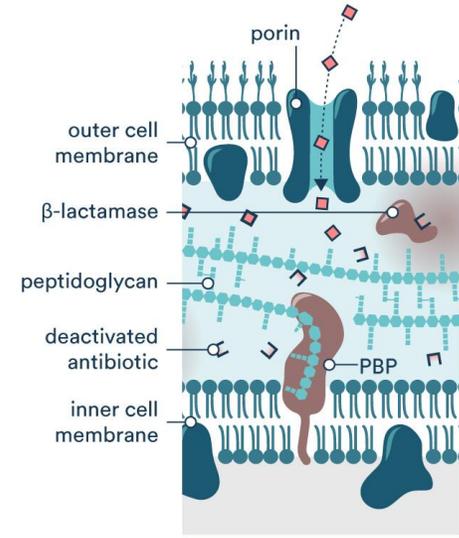
Targeting resistant Gram-negative bacteria

- Combines ceftibuten, an established beta-lactam (BL) antibiotic with ledaborbactam, a novel beta-lactamase inhibitor (BLI) restoring ceftibuten activity in resistant bacteria
- Developed to provide an oral BL/BLI treatment option for resistant pathogens
 - Oral bioavailability reduces the use of IV antibiotics, resulting in less hospitalizations and earlier hospital discharges
- Active against Enterobacterales including multidrug-resistant pathogens such as extended spectrum beta-lactamase (ESBL) producers and carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales (CRE)¹
- Phase 3 program in cUTI to initiate in early 2027

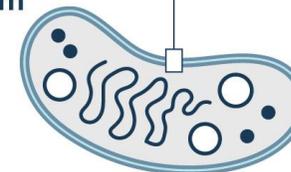
¹ Ledaborbactam restores ceftibuten activity against Enterobacterales producing Ambler Class A, C and D ESBLs and carbapenemases (including pathogens designated as critical threats in the WHO Priority Pathogen List, 2024)

Resistance to beta-lactam antibiotics

 beta-lactam antibiotic

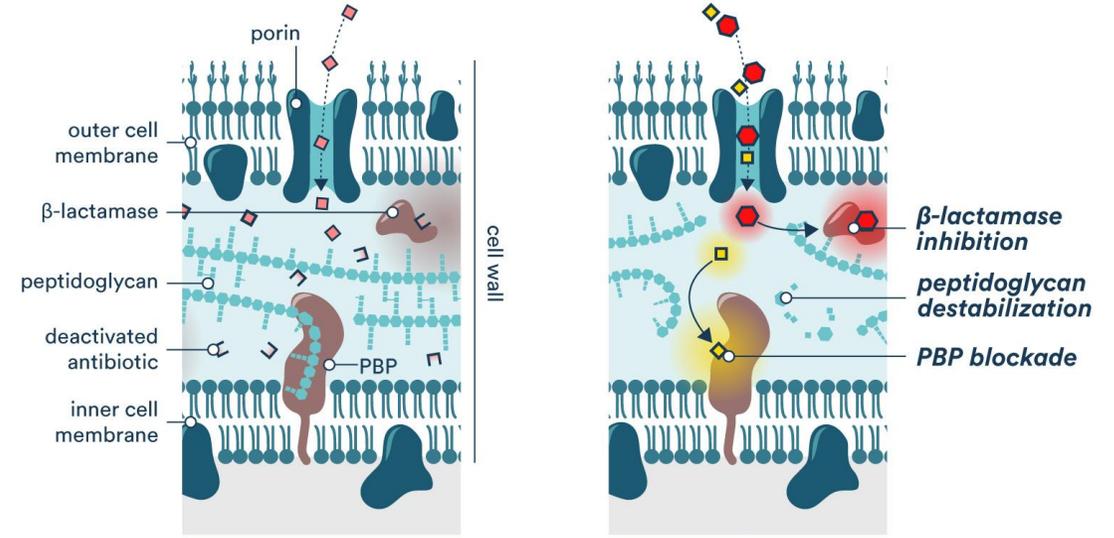


Gram-negative bacterium



With ceftibuten-ledaborbactam

 ledaborbactam
 ceftibuten



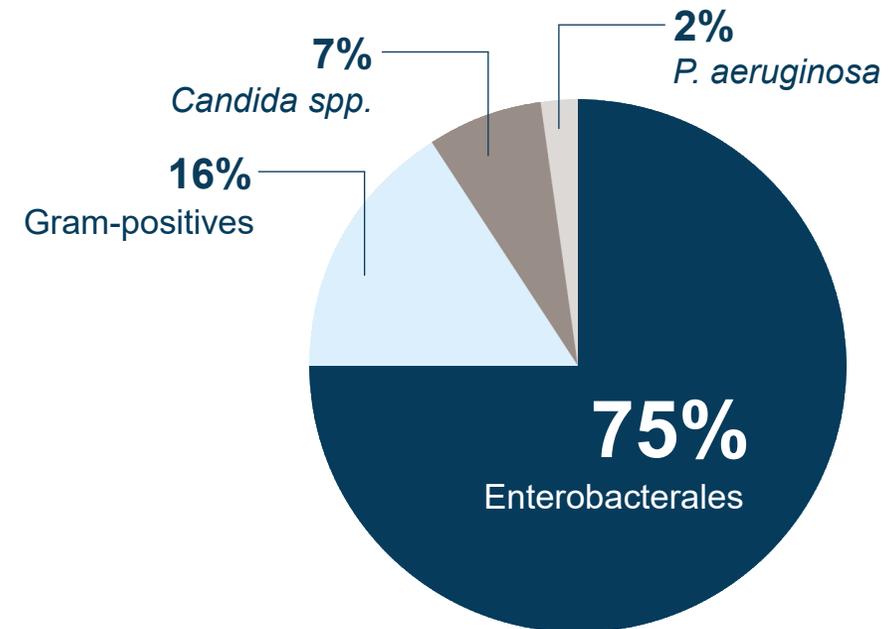
cell death



Complicated urinary tract infections: Resistant Enterobacterales pathogens drive opportunity

- cUTIs are urinary tract infections extending beyond the bladder, accompanied by local and systemic symptoms
- cUTIs are among the most common bacterial infections in both hospital and community settings
 - Associated with considerable morbidity and healthcare resource utilization
- Gram-negative bacteria, particularly uropathogenic *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*), are a leading cause of cUTI^{1,2}
- Significant proportion of Enterobacterales (e.g., *E. coli*) are multi-drug-resistant and/or ESBL producing²

Pathogen distribution in cUTI



¹ Flores-Mireles AL, et al. Nat Rev Microbiol. 2015;13(5):269-84; ² Marantidis J, Sussman RD. Infect Drug Resist. 2023;16:1391-1405; ³ Lodise TP, et al. Open Forum Infect Dis. 2022;9(7):ofac315.

Adapted from Flores-Mireles et al. Nat Rev Microbiol. 2015;13(5):269-84.

Ceftibuten-ledaborbactam – Oral treatment for patients with complicated urinary tract infections

Commercial success of newer Gram-negative IV-only antibiotics:

Avycaz (ceftazidime-avibactam)

Global sales about USD 680 million*

Fetroja (cefiderocol)

Global sales about USD 270 million*

Zerbaxa (ceftolozane/tazobactam)

Global sales about USD 280 million*

Basilea's ceftibuten-ledaborbactam presents a significant commercial opportunity

- An oral treatment option for patients with cUTI
- Potential to simplify cUTI treatment and reduce hospitalization
- Complementary to existing IV therapies
- QIDP and Fast Track designations¹ by the FDA¹

*Reminder: Antibiotics sales typically peak around loss of exclusivity (LOE), which has not yet been reached

¹ QIDP and Fast Track designations by the FDA for cUTI and uncomplicated urinary tract infections. Source: IQVIA Analytics Link, September 2025

Proprietary information of Basilea Pharmaceutica International Ltd, Allschwil – not for distribution

Anti-infective pipeline

Early-stage programs

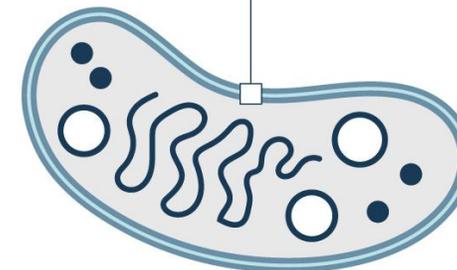
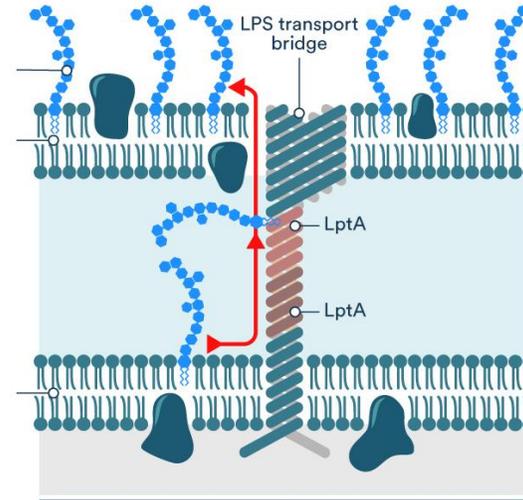


BAL2420 (LptA inhibitor)

Next generation first-in-class antibacterial

- Bactericidal with novel mode of action targeting the lipopolysaccharide transport protein A (LptA) of Gram-negative bacteria
- Potential new treatment option for the most frequent Gram-negative pathogens causing infections (Enterobacteriaceae), including carbapenem-resistant isolates
- No cross-resistance to other antibiotic classes
- First-in-human phase 1 clinical study evaluating the safety, tolerability, and pharmacokinetics was initiated in Q1 2026

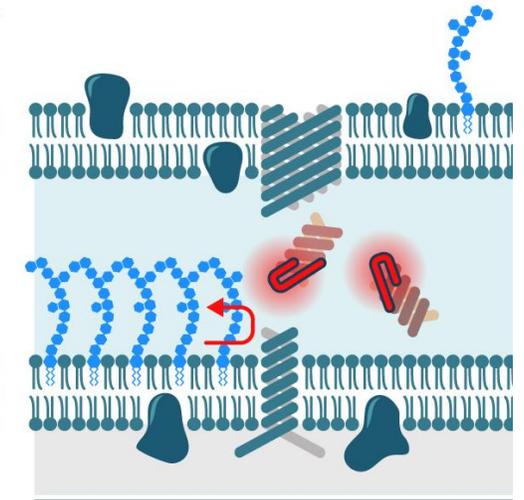
The lipopolysaccharide (LPS) transport bridge



Gram-negative bacterium

BAL2420 destroys the LPS transport bridge

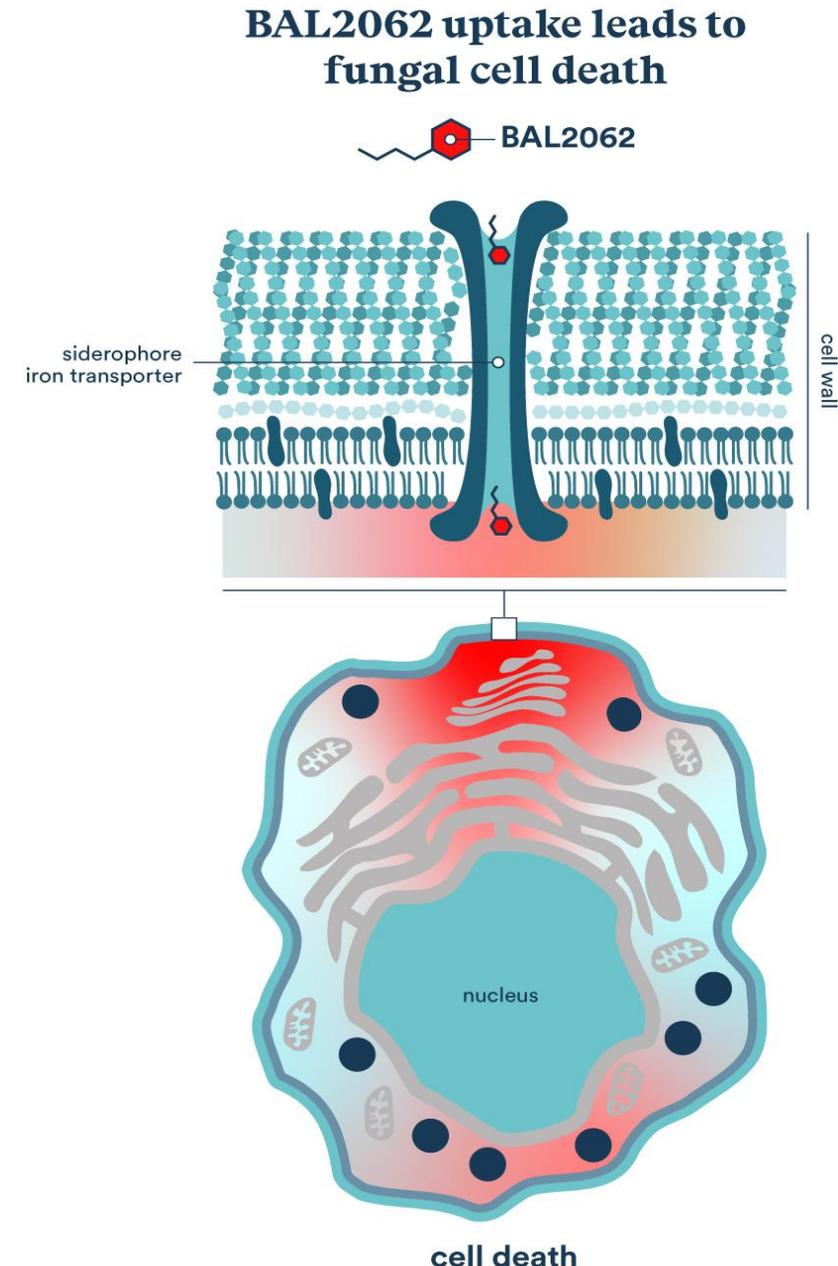
 BAL2420 (LptA inhibitor)



cell death

BAL2062 – For the treatment of invasive aspergillosis

- First-line IV treatment of invasive aspergillosis (incl. azole-resistant) with the potential to deliver superior efficacy vs. standard-of-care
- Rapidly fungicidal with a new mode of action
- Safe and well tolerated in a phase 1 study
- No expected drug–drug interactions (DDIs) and no renal toxicity
- No cross-resistance
- Regulatory discussions ongoing in 2026 to define phase 2 and phase 3 clinical development pathways



Financials & Outlook

Financial statements
Basilea Pharmaceutica Ltd, Allschwil

Balance sheets

	2024	2023
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment, net	72,271	59,255
Intangible assets, net	7,883	2,389
Other assets	49,083	37,691
Deferred tax assets	31,800	26,410
Other non-current assets	9,463	3,265
Total non-current assets	191,490	192,185
Current assets		
Accounts receivable	3,239	2,757
Inventory	18,429	15,795
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	425	25
Other current assets	224	21,144
Deferred tax liabilities	19,864	173,209
Other non-current liabilities	38,969	173,209
Total current assets	230,459	230,459
Total assets	421,949	422,644

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the footnotes.

As of December 31, 2024, 15,099,208 shares (December 31, 2023: 15,099,208) were issued and 12,001,288 shares (December 31, 2023: 12,001,288) were outstanding with a par value of CHF 100 per share.

As of December 31, 2024, 1,098,307 shares (December 31, 2023: 1,098,307) with a par value of CHF 100.

Consolidated statements of operations
Basilea Pharmaceutica Ltd, Allschwil & subsidiaries
for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Product revenue	45,076	32,911
Contract revenue	104,708	102,364
Other revenue	4,517	7,373
Total revenue	154,301	142,648
Cost of products sold	(30,636)	(28,724)
Research, development, sales and administrative expenses, net	(37,383)	(33,717)
Other expenses	(23,945)	(20,833)
Total operating expenses	(91,964)	(83,274)
Operating result	62,337	59,374
Interest income	1,000	1,000
Other income	209	(1,202)
Other components of net periodic pension cost	(1,443)	2,400
Other components of net periodic pension cost	(2,969)	1,400
Other components of net periodic pension cost	391	1,400
Other components of net periodic pension cost	(7,942)	(7,942)
Net profit	51,683	51,683

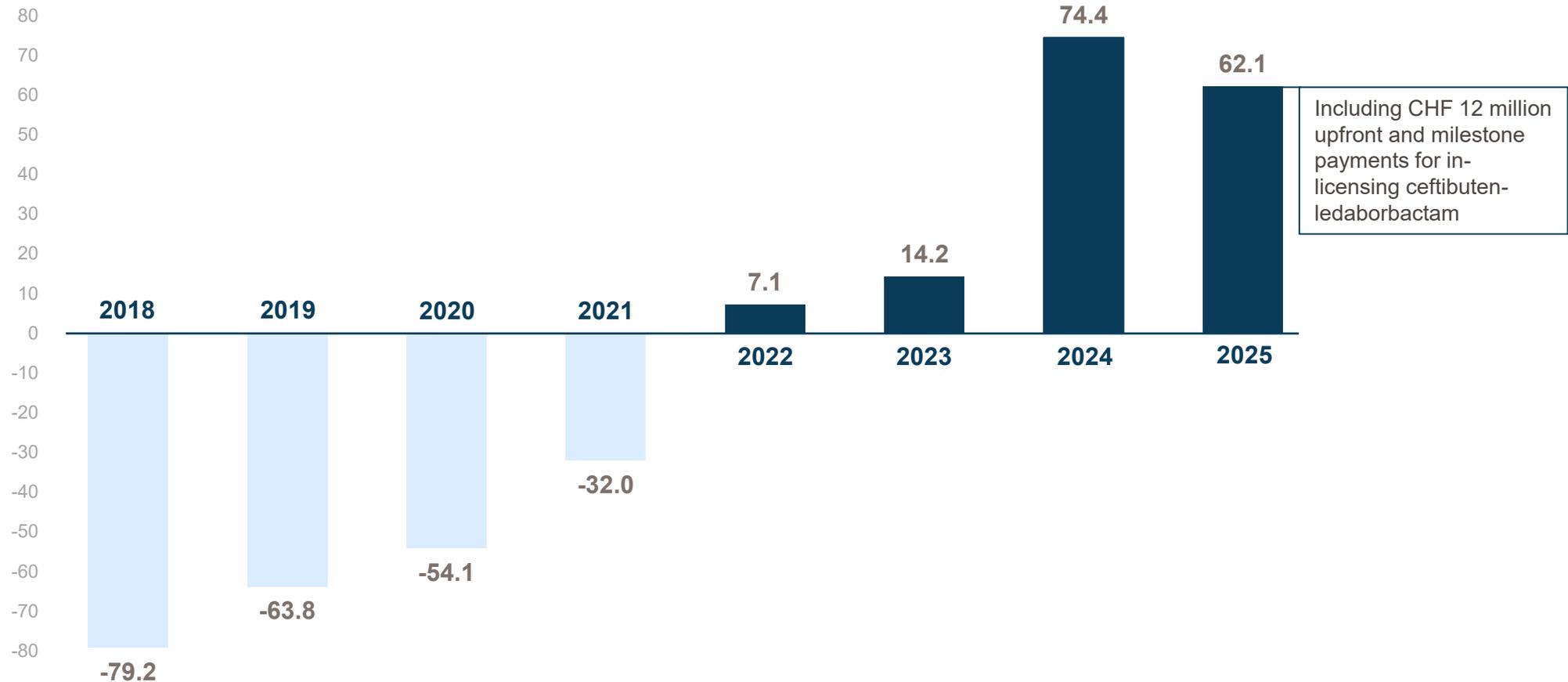
Strong financial results FY 2025 – Surpassed financial guidance

in CHF million	FY 2024	FY 2025A	(FY 2025 guidance)
Cresemba and Zevtera related revenue	194.8	194.4	(190)
<i>of which royalty income</i>	96.7	111.6	(110)
<i>of which milestone and upfront payments</i>	40.4	32.0	
Other revenue	13.7	38.0	(35)
Total revenue	208.5	232.4	(225)
Cost of products sold	38.7	39.3	
Operating expenses	108.7	141.5	
Operating profit	61.2	51.5	(50)
Net profit	77.6	40.2	
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	124.6	162.3	
Convertible senior unsecured bonds	95.9	75.4	
Net cash (as of December 31, 2024/2025)	28.6	86.9	

Note: Consolidated figures in conformity with US GAAP; rounding applied consistently

Strong cash flows after making significant R&D investments

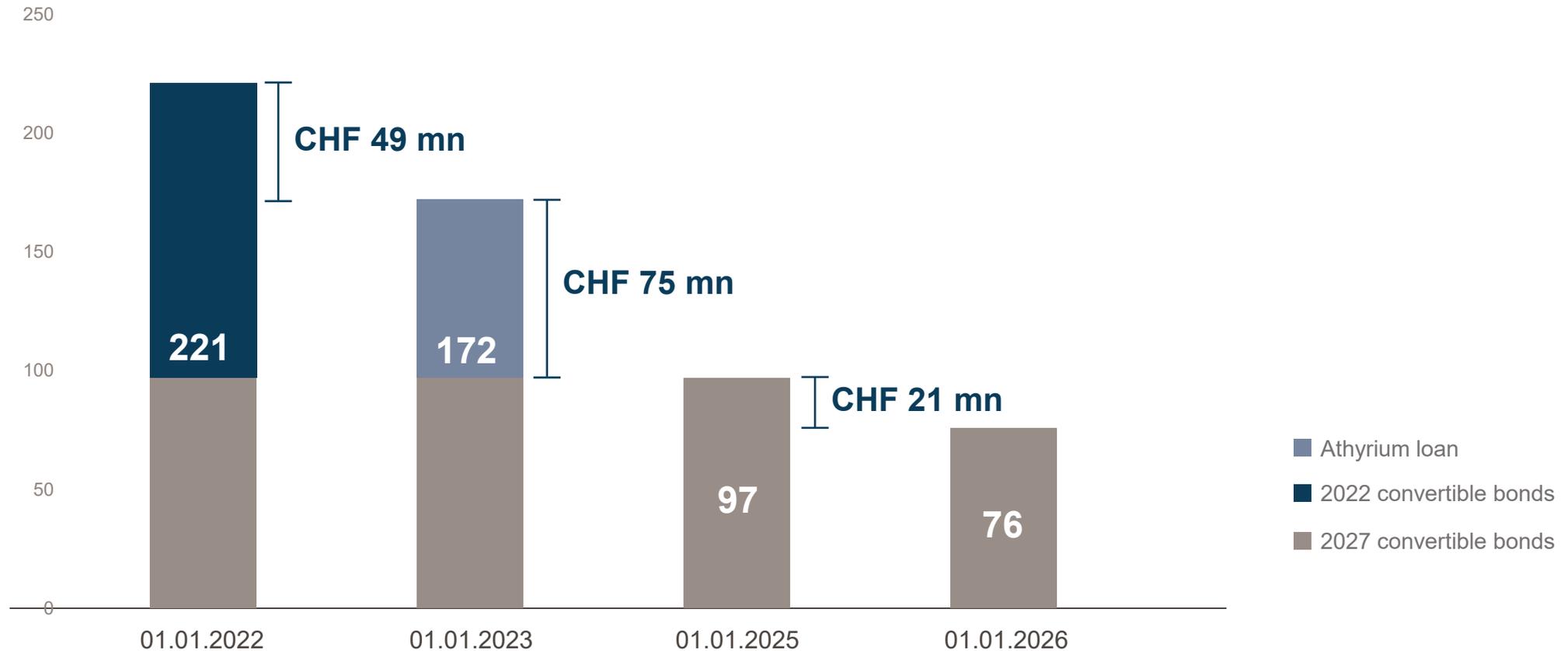
Cash flows from operating activities (in CHF million)



Note: Consolidated figures in conformity with US GAAP; rounding applied consistently

Strengthening the balance sheet through debt reduction

CHF 145 million (mn) debt reduction between 2022-2025 (nominal value)



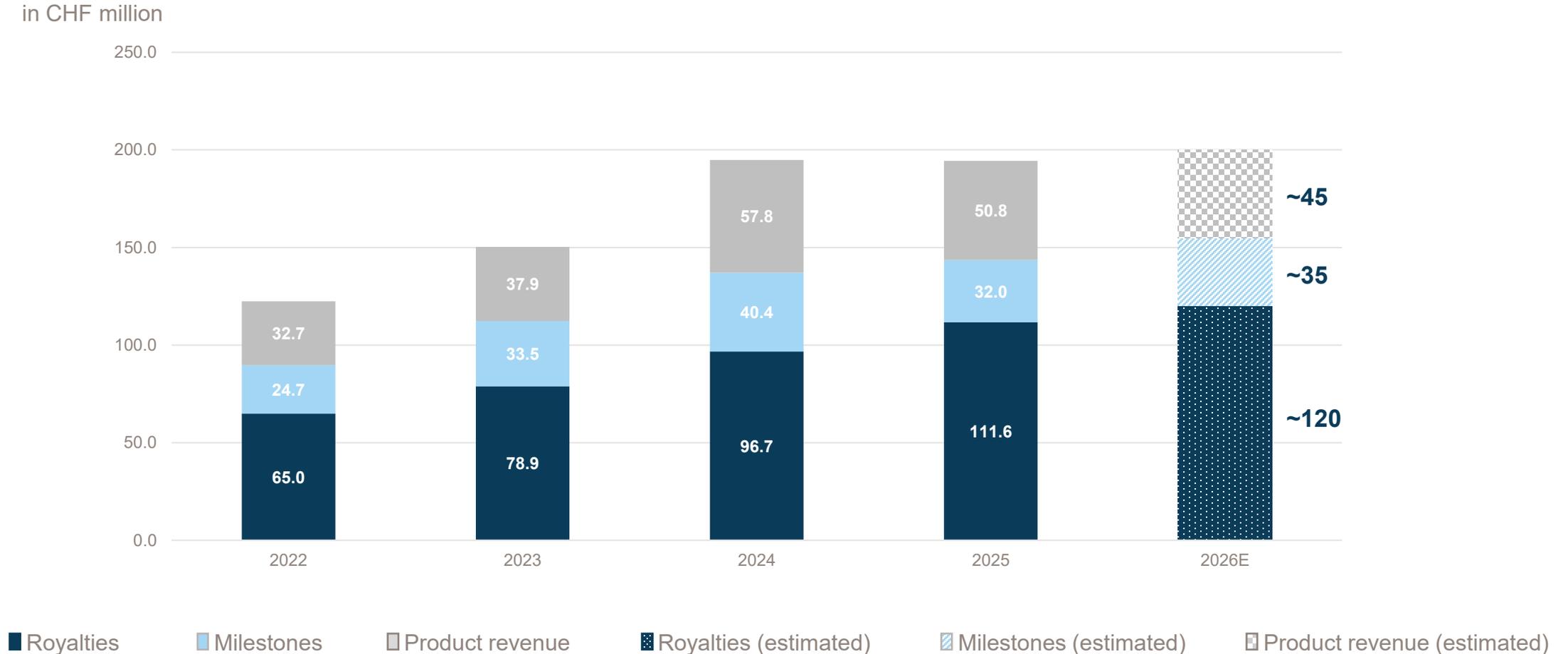
FY 2026 financial guidance – Increasing revenue and operating profit while progressing the R&D portfolio

in CHF million	FY 2026 (guidance)	FY 2025 (actuals)
Cresemba and Zevtera related revenue	~200	194.4
<i>of which royalty income</i>	~120	111.6
Total revenue	~ 10% increase	232.4
Research and development expenses	~ 20% increase	105.9
Operating profit	~ 20% increase	51.5

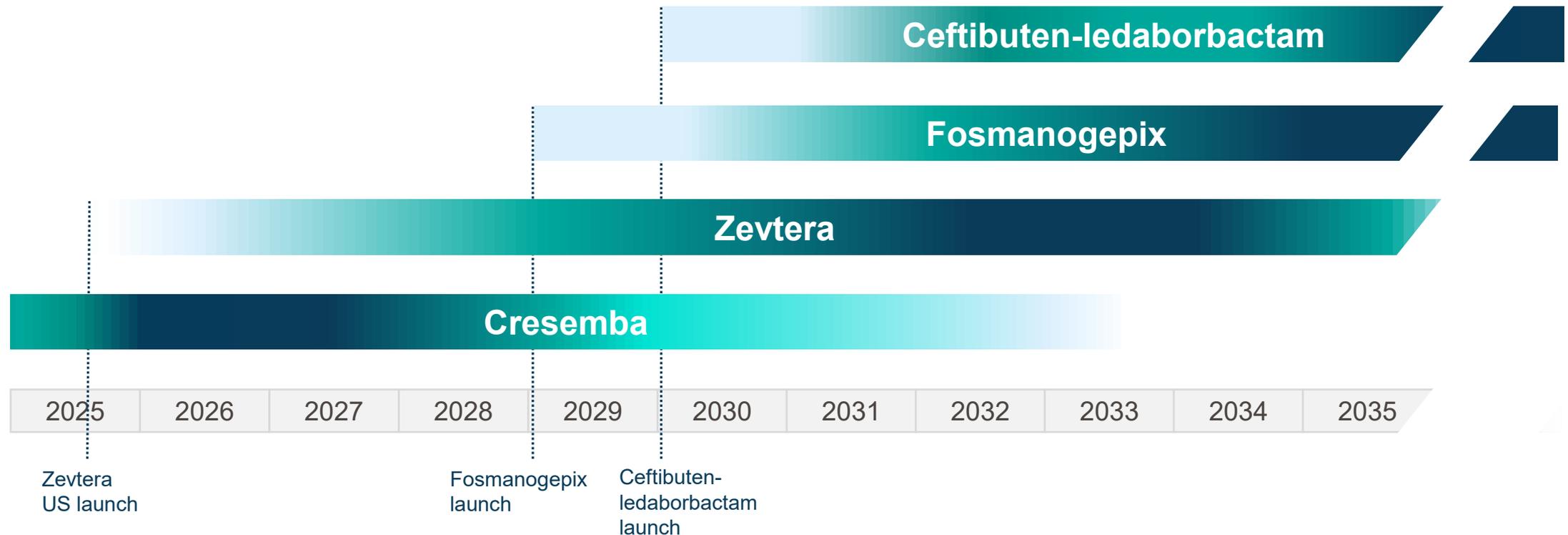
Note: Consistent rounding was applied.

Cresemba and Zevtera related revenue

Revenue mix shifting towards higher margin royalties and milestones - increasing cash contribution



Commercial portfolio outlook beyond 2026



“Agenda 2030” – Basilea well positioned for sustainable growth

Strong financial position:

- Approx. CHF 160 million cash as of end-2025
- Approx. CHF 600 million cumulative cash flow from Cresemba and Zevtera from 2026 to 2030
- Up to USD 330 million potential additional non-dilutive funding from existing agreements

This allows us to:

- Bring phase 3 programs to market with the potential to double current in-market sales
- Advance early-stage pipeline
- In-license or acquire exciting new assets

Potential upsides:

- Later than expected Cresemba generic entry in the US and Europe
- New non-dilutive funding agreements
- First revenues from fosmanogepix and ceftibuten-ledaborbactam

Positioned for sustained growth and increasing value beyond 2026



Financial strength and future cash flows support sustainable growth



Phase 3 programs create opportunity to double 2025 in-market sales



We have the ability and opportunity to acquire additional exciting assets to further accelerate growth beyond our existing pipeline

Disclaimer and forward-looking statements

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Glossary

–	ABSSSI	A cute b acterial s kin and s kin s tructure infections	–	HABP	H ospital- a cquired b acterial p neumonia
–	BARDA	B iomedical A dvanced R esearch and D evelopment A uthority	–	IV	I ntravenous
–	BL/BLI	B eta-lactam/ B eta-lactamase inhibitor	–	LOE	L oss of E xclusivity
–	CABP	C ommunity- a cquired b acterial p neumonia	–	MAT	M oving A nnual T otal
–	CARB-X	C ombating A ntibiotic- R esistant B acteria B iopharmaceutical A ccelerator	–	MENA	M iddle E ast and N orth A frica
–	CDC	U S C enters for D isease C ontrol and P revention	–	Mn	M illion
–	CHF	Swiss Franc	–	NIM	N on-inferiority m argin
–	CAPEX	C apital E xpenditures	–	MRSA	M ethicillin- r esistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>
–	CRE	C arbapenem R esistant E nterobacterales	–	MSSA	M ethicillin- s usceptible <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>
–	cUTI	C omplicated U rinary T ract I nfections	–	NTAP	N ew T echnology A dd- O n P ayment
–	DDI	D rug- D rug I nteraction	–	OTA	O ther T ransaction A greement
–	EMA	E uropean M edicines A gency	–	QIDP	Q ualified I nfectious D isease P roduct
–	ESBL	E xtended s pectrum b eta-lactamase	–	R&D	R esearch and D evelopment
–	EU	E uropean U nion	–	ROW	R est O f W orld
–	FDA	U S F ood and D rug A dministration	–	SAB	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> bacteremia
–	FY	F ull Y ear	–	US	U nited S tates
			–	US GAAP	U nited S tates G enerally A ccepted A ccounting P riniples
			–	USD	U nited S tates D ollar



**Shaping the Future
of Infectious Diseases**

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